

JBV Chess Books

Karsten Müller

Karsten Müller – Attack

Rules of thumb for practice

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Preface

Most chess players prefer attack to defense. That's why this important topic is of interest to everyone and is of course often discussed accordingly. In this book, I've attempted to demonstrate the basics of attacking play using a few rules of thumb and motives. It's of the utmost importance to train your intuition, with the aim of being able to decide with certainty in which cases the rules of thumb apply and the motives can be used – and in which cases you are dealing with an exception. Because it's precisely in this interplay of rule and exception that one of the charms of chess lies.

I would like to thank Rainer Woisin and Frederic Friedel from ChessBase for allowing me to use my DVD as a basis for this book and for the idea of working with QR Codes. My thanks also go to Robert Ullrich and Thomas Beyer for the perfect layout and the usual exemplary presentation

GM Dr. Karsten Müller Hamburg, July 2023

Chapter 1

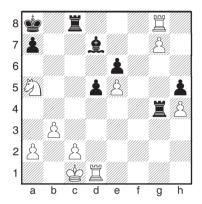
All pieces should participate in the attack

This is how the main motto for the attacker is usually formulated. Instead, however, there are also casual versions such as 'don't start the meal until everyone is seated' or even 'invite all friends to the party'. But let's get back to a more serious level. One could also choose the approach of getting a more precise picture of the relationship between the number of attackers and the number of defenders. It goes without saying that it should of course be as positive as possible for the attacker. And when looking for the 'best move', among the main candidates (checks and captures) are also those that lead more troops into the attack.



Tari, Aryan (2654) Van Foreest, Jorden (2715)

Chessable Masters Online 2022



39.買f1!

Using a little tactical trick, White brings the last piece into play, which immediately overwhelms the defense.

39...∳b8

- 39... Exg8 fails to 40. Ef8+ ≜c8 41. Exg8 фb8 42. Dc6+ with the lines:
- 42... 空c7 43. 罩xc8+ 空xc8 44.g8 增+ 罩xg8 45. ②e7+ +-
- 42...空b7 43.包e7 臭d7 44.罩d8 罩xg7 45.罩xd7++-
- **40. Exc8+ £xc8 41. Ef7** and **1−0**, because the threat **△**c6+ and **Exa7#** can only be parried by sacrificing immense amounts of material.

In most cases, however, the attack routes must first be cleared.



Steinitz, Wilhelm Von Bardeleben, Curt

Hastings 1895

17.d5!!

In typical fashion, the isolani is used as a battering ram to open lines for the attackers.

17...cxd5?!

17... drf7 was required, although the attack was still very strong; e.g. 18.dxc6 bxc6 19. drf ed1

(19. ∰c4+!? ∰d5 20. ∰g4 is also dangerous.)

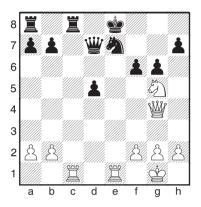
19... 增e6 20. 增xe6+ 增xe6 21. 包d4+ 增f7 22. 包xc6 and according to Kasparov, White has good practical winning chances.

18. 2 d4 de f7 19. 2 e6 Ehc8?!

This runs into a wonderful refutation, but the black position was hopeless anyway; e.g. 19...公c6 20.公c5 營d6 21.公xb7 營d7 22.公c5 營d6 23.營h5+ g6 24.營h4 公e5 25.f4 公c4 26.b4 f5 27.宣e6 營d8

28.營h6 公d6 29.h4 公e4 30.h5 公xc5 31.hxg6+ 公xe6 32.置xc5+-.

20.∰g4 g6 21.ᡚg5+ фe8



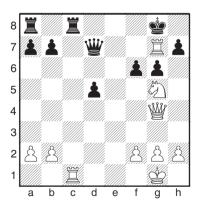
22.\\\\xe7+!!+-

Ready for take off!?

22. ②xh7? 罩xc1 23. ②xf6+ 增f7 24. 罩xc1 豐e6 would have sold the advantage too cheaply.

22...∲f8

23.罩f7+! 查g8 24.罩g7+!!



The extraterrestrial rook simply continues its 'mission impossible'.

24...⊈h8

24...∳f8 25.∜xh7+ ∳xg7 26.\#xd7+

At this point, von Bardeleben left the tournament hall without a word. He later sent a courier to announce his surrender. Meanwhile, Steinitz showed the spectators the amazing finale.

25...⊈g8 26.\(\mathbb{Z}\)g7+ \(\dot{\phi}\)h8 27.\(\delta\)h4+

Now Black is forced to finally take this nightmare of a rook.

(32...호d6 33. \$\mathrev{\text{w}}\$ f6+ \$\mathrev{\text{w}}\$ e6 34. \$\mathrev{\text{w}}\$ xe6#) 33. \$\mathrev{\text{w}}\$ f8+ \$\mathrev{\text{w}}\$ e8 34. \$\int \text{f7}+ \$\rac{\text{c}}{\text{d}}\$ d7 35. \$\mathrev{\text{w}}\$ d#

This masterpiece is rightly considered the most spectacular of Steinitz's games.

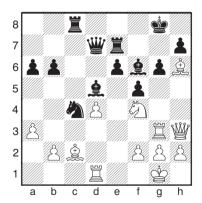
However, in chess there's no rule of thumb without exception! – And in this regard even the rule of thumb 'All pieces should participate in the attack' is no exception.

In the next example, the feared attacking player Alexei Shirov goes a decisive step too far in this respect. However, since he was only 16 at the time of the game, it's clearly a case of youthful exuberance.



Shirov, Alexei Lautier, Joel (2290)

Timisoara 1988

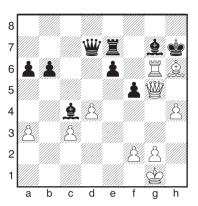


27. \ dd3

Bringing more troops into the attack is still okay.

27...②d6

27... 皇g7 is followed by 28. 公xg6 hxg6 29. 置xg6 公e3 30. 營xe3 置xc2 31.h4 皇c4 32. 置c3 置xc3 33.bxc3 空h7 34. 營g5.



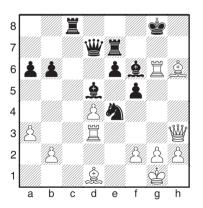
White has enough compensation, but nothing more; e.g. 34... \$\mathbb{Z}\$f7 35.\mathbb{L}\$xg7 \$\mathbb{Z}\$xg7 \$\mathbb{Z}\$xg7 \$\mathbb{Z}\$.

28.\d23.

However, this is going too far. Shirov is playing for a win with too much risk and also wants to include the bishop in the attack

He obviously had no interest in the safe draw after 28. ②xg6! hxg6 29. 墨xg6+ 皇g7 30. 皇xg7 罩xg7 31. 墨xg7+ 營xg7 32. 墨g3 墨xc2 33. 墨xg7+   ②xg7 34. 營g3+ ②f7 35.f3 ⑤c4 36. 營c7+.

28... De4 29. Dxg6 hxg6 30. Exg6+



30...**\$g7**?

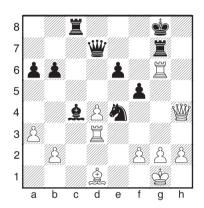
In such razor sharp positions, the material is often of less importance.

With 30... Ig7! 31. 2xg7 2xg7 32.f3 4d6 Black could ward off the attack and win in the long run.

31. ₩h4 &c4?

This mistake runs into a counter blow. 31... \$\mathrev{\mathrew}{\mathrev{e}} 8 32.\$\mathrev{\mathrew}{\mathrew} f8 33.h3 \$\mathrev{\mathrew}{\mathrew} a7= holds the shop together.

32.**≜**xg7 **≅**xg7



This intervention of another attacker is decisive.

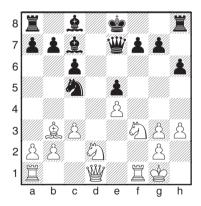
33...\[™]xd4

Since a counterattack is basically also an *attack*, it's often important to deploy as many troops as possible.



Carlsen, Magnus (2877)
Caruana, Fabiano (2801)
Saint Louis 2014

1.e4 e5 2.\(\hat{L}\)c4 \(\hat{L}\)f6 3.d3 c6 4.\(\hat{L}\)f3 d5 5.\(\hat{L}\)b3 \(\hat{L}\)b4+ 6.c3 \(\hat{L}\)d6 7.\(\hat{L}\)g5 dxe4 8.dxe4 h6 9.\(\hat{L}\)h4 \(\begin{matrix}\mathbf{m}'e7 10.\(\hat{L}\)bd2 \(\hat{L}\)bd7 11.\(\hat{L}\)g3?!\(\hat{L}\)c7 12.0-0 \(\hat{L}\)h5 13.h3?!\(\hat{L}\)xg3 14.fxq3 \(\hat{L}\)c5



15.\(\partia\)xf7+

Since this interesting sacrifice is objectively incorrect, it can be warded off by accurate defense.

15... 中xf7 16. 今xe5+

16. 心h4+ 空g8 17. 心g6 營d6 18. 單f8+ 營xf8 19. 心xf8 空xf8 20. 營h5 皇e6 21. 心f3 心d7 is also better for Black.

16...⊈g8 17.ᡚg6 ∰g5!

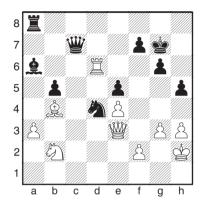


Magnus Carlsen

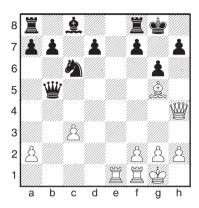


Fabiano Caruana

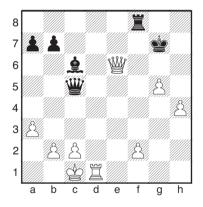
Exercises on the topic: All pieces should participate in the attack



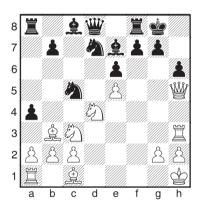
Exercise 1 White to move



Exercise 3 White to move



Exercise 2 White to move

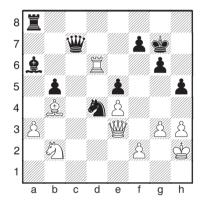


Exercise 4 White to move

Solutions of the exercises



Solution 1
Moussard, Jules (2686)
Mihajlov, Sebastian (2375)
Mayrhofen 2022



44.5)d3

The arrival of this additional attacker will overload the defense.

44...f6

- 44...\$c8 45.\$xe5+-
- 44...②c2 45.g5 ②xb4 46.f6+ 增g8 47.axb4 Ձb7 48.ᡚxe5+-

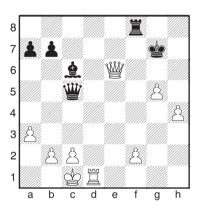
45. 2 f4 &c8

- 1) 45...exf4 46.\(\delta\)xd4 \(\delta\)h6 47.\(\delta\)xf6 fxg3+ 48.\(\delta\)xg3 \(\delta\)g7 49.\(\delta\)xa6+-
- 2) 45... 營f7 46. 公d5 公e6 47. 盒d2 盒c8 48. 營h6+ 全g8 49. 盒b4 營g7 50. 營xg7+ 全xg7 51. 公b6 宮b8 52. 公xc8 宮xc8 53. 宮xe6+-

46. ②xh5+ gxh5 47. ≅xf6 and **1-0** in view of the possible continuation 47... **• ½xf6** 48. **₩**h6+ **• • ‡ f** 7 49. **₩**h7+ **• ‡ f** 6 50. **₩**xc7+−.



Solution 2
Kasparov, Garry (2851)
Shirov, Alexei (2751)
Frankfurt 2000



With **34.\Zid6!** the rook was decisively included in the attack.

34.∰h6+?! should also win, although it's less convincing than the game continuation; e.g. 34...⊈g8 35.∰e6+!

35...空h8 36.g6 營xf2 37.營e7 營f4+ 38.空b1 營h6 39.h5 罩e8 40.營f6+ 營g7 41.營f4+-

34...**≜e8**

34... \subseteq xf2 35. \subseteq e7+ \subseteq f7 36. \subseteq g6+ +− (Finkel in CBM 78)

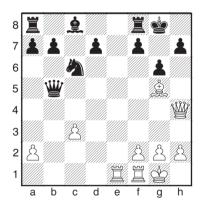
34... 增xf2 35. 增h6+ 空g8 36. 罩g6+ 空f7 37. 罩g7+ 空e8 38. 增e6+ 空d8 39. 增d6+ +-(Finkel)

35.₩e7+ 1-0



Solution 3 Polgar, Judit (2365) Chilingirova, Pavlina (2240)

Thessaloniki 1988



16.\#h6

Now the queen plays a crucial role in the attack.

On the other hand, 16.\(\frac{1}{2}\)f6? would be a mistake, as a look at two small lines makes clear

- − 16...⊮̃h5 17.⊮̃xh5 gxh5 18.⊑e3 h4−+

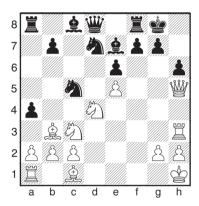
16...₩f5

16...f5 17.\deltaf6+-

17.營xf8+ and **1-0** in view of the possible continuation 17... 全xf8 18. 全h6+ 全g8 19. 耳e8#.



Solution 4
Müller, Karsten
Zagrebelny, Sergey
Budapest 1991



The overwhelming attack position unmistakably calls for one or the other sacrifice, and in fact there is plenty to draw from in this regard.

16.**分f5!!**

The walls can be stormed directly, because almost all troops can now approach very quickly.

However, the alternatives also win, albeit not so easily:

1) 16. 彙xh6 g6 17. 罩g3 亞h7 18. 豐h3 罩h8 19. 彙xe6 ②xe6 20. ②xe6 fxe6 21. 罩f1 ②xe5 22. 彙f4+ 亞g8 23. 豐xh8+ 亞xh8 24. 彙xe5+ 亞g8 25. 冨xg6+ 亞h7 26. 冨g7+ 亞h6 27. 罩ff7+- 2) 16. \(\mathbb{Z}\)g3 \(\hat{O}\)xe5 (16...axb3? 17.\(\dangle\)xh6+-) 17.\(\dangle\)xh6 \(\dangle\)f6 18.\(\dangle\)xg7 \(\dangle\)xc5 f6 20.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc5 axb3 21.cxb3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)a5 22.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c4+-

16...exf5

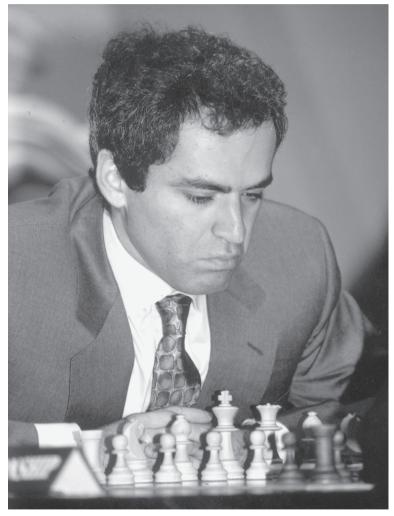
- 16... g5 17. g2g5 ∰xg5 18. ∰xg5 hxg5 19. ∮)e7#

- 16...axb3 17.\(\Delta\)xh6+ gxh6 18.\(\Le*\)xh6 bxc2 19.\(\Le*\)g5+-

17.\$xh6 \$h4

17...axb3 18.\(\dot{\pm}\)xg7+-

18.營g6 營g5 19.皇xg5 axb3 20.營h5 ②xe5 21.還xh4 1-0



Garry Kasparov

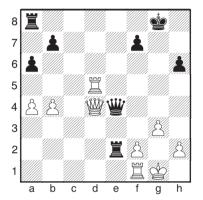
Chapter 2

The attacker should not exchange attack potential

The rules of thumb on the subject of 'exchange' are often quite controversial. But I think this one is pretty good.



Loginov, Valery (2525) Orlov, Vassily (2430) St Petersburg, 1996

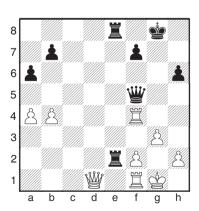


1.\d1!

White keeps the queen on the board for his attack on the king.

After 1. wxe4? Exe4 2. b1 cg7, on the other hand, Black would have good drawing chances in the rook ending.

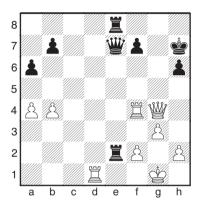
1... Ee8 2. Ed4 學f5 3. Ef4



3...₩e5?

After this mistake, the attack really picks up speed thanks to the intrusion of the queen, which could have been avoided with the more tenacious alternative 3...

4.\d7 \d7 \d7 5.\d7 g4+ \dr4 h7 6.\d7 d1



6...¤e1+

Black's attempt to relieve his position is insufficient because it only leads to the exchange of his active rook, after which White still has enough attack potential. Although the approach 6... 三6 is more tenacious, it ultimately promises no salvation either; e.g. 7.h4 三f6 8.三dd4 三xf4 9.三xf4 三d8 10.營f3 三d7 11.全g2 全g8 12.三g4+ 全h7 13.營f5+ 全h8 14.營c2 營f8 15.營c3+ 全h7 16.營f6 三d6 17.營f5+ 全h8 18.營e5+ f6 19.營f5 營f7 20.三g6+-.

9.a5 \delta d8 10.\delta f5+ \delta g7 11.\delta g4+

11...**∲h8**

After 11... 空f8 White can win with 12. 豐h7! or even 12. 罩e4!? 豐g5 13. 豐h7 豐g7 14. 豐xg7 + 空xg7 15. 罩e7.

About the author

GM Dr. Karsten Müller was born on November 23rd, 1970 in Hamburg. He studied mathematics and received his doctorate in 2002. From 1988 to 2015 he played for the 'Hamburg SK' in the German 'Bundesliga' and in 1998 he was awarded the title of Grandmaster.

The busy and globally recognized endgame expert was named 'Trainer of the Year' by the German Chess Federation in 2007



He is the author (or co-author) of the following highly esteemed works:

- Secrets of Pawn Endings (with Frank Lamprecht, Everyman/GAMBIT 2000)
- Fundamental Chess Endings (with Frank Lamprecht, GAMBIT 2001)
- Danish Dynamite (with Martin Voigt, Russell 2003)
- Chess Cafe Puzzle Book: Test and Improve Your Tactical Vision (Russell 2004)
- How to Play Chess Endgames (with Wolfgang Pajeken, GAMBIT 2008)
- Chess Cafe Puzzle Book 2: Test and Improve Your Positional Intuition (Russell 2008)
- Bobby Fischer, The Career and Complete Games of the American World Chess Champion (Russell 2009)
- Chess Cafe Puzzle Book 3: Test and Improve Your Defensive Skill! (with Merijn van Delft, Russell 2010)
- Chess Cafe Puzzle Book 4: Mastering the positional principles (with Alexander Markgraf, Russell 2012)
- The Magic Tactics of Mikhail Tal: Learn from the Legend (with Raymund Stolze, Edition Olms 2012)
- Fighting chess with Hikaru Nakamura (with Raymund Stolze, Edition Olms 2013)
- The slow (but venomous) Italian (with Georgios Souleidis, New in Chess 2016)
- The Magic of Chess Tactics 2 (with C.D. Meyer, Russell 2017)

His excellent series of ChessBase-DVDs Chess endgames 1-14 also attracted attention.

Müller's popular column Endgame Corner was published at 'www.ChessCafe.com' from January 2001 until 2015, and his column Endgames is published in ChessBase Magazine since 2006.

To date, numerous of his books have been published by JBV Chess Books (Joachim Beyer Verlag) – a total of 24 in German and the following titles also in English:

- Magical Endgames (together with Claus Dieter Meyer)
- The Human Factor in Chess (together with Luis Engel)
- The Best Endgames of the World Champions Vol. 1 + 2
- World Chess Championship 2021 (together with Jerzy Konikowski and Uwe Bekemann)
- The Best Combinations of the World Champions Vol. 1 + 2
- Bobby Fischer 60 Best Games
- Chess Training with Matthias Blübaum (together with Matthias Blübaum and Matthias Kreilmann)
- Typical Sicilian
- The Human Factor in Chess The Testbook (together with Luis Engel and Makan Rafiee)
- Magnus Carlsen The Chess DNA of Genius (2023)
- Karsten Müller Attack (2023)