The Modernized King's Indian Defense

Mar del Plata Variation

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Key to Symbols

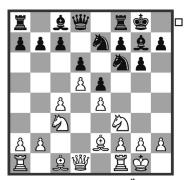
- ! a good move
- ? a weak move
- !! an excellent move
- ?? a blunder
- !? an interesting move
- ?! a dubious move
- □ only move
- N novelty
- C lead in development
- zugzwang
- = equality
- ∞ unclear position
- $\overline{\bar{\omega}}$ with compensation for the sacrificed material
- ± White stands slightly better
- **=** Black stands slightly better
- ± White has a serious advantage
- **∓** Black has a serious advantage
- + White has a decisive advantage
- -+ Black has a decisive advantage
- \rightarrow with an attack
- ↑ with initiative
- Δ with the idea of
- △ better is
- ≤ worse is
- + check
- # mate

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Preface

The King's Indian Defense, and the Mar del Plata variation in particular, has played a huge role throughout my entire chess career. I started doing extensive analysis of the ensuing rich positions from a very young age. I believe what lured me to it was that it is an outlier among well-established openings in the sense that it gives Black a chance to attack right from an early stage of the game. This rather romantic approach to chess made a deep impression and stayed with me for a long time. The history of the line is well known - many big King's Indian experts used to play it frequently. It was Gligoric who managed to devise the perfect setup for simultaneous attack and defense, which completely revolutionized the King's Indian as a whole, not only the Mar del Plata variation. Thanks to that and also to significant theoretical contributions by other legends of the game such as Bronstein and Boleslavsky, and later on Stein, Fischer and Kasparov, the King's Indian was established as one of the key battlegrounds of opening theory right to this day. I consider the King's Indian to be one of the last remaining areas of classical chess where engines are not omnipotent over humans. The usual pattern is that engines will always strongly favor White from the beginning of the game, but the entire point of the King's Indian is to understand the deep nuances in closed positions. The positions are so rich with hidden dynamics, yet complex enough that the lines are never too forcing. The wealth of possibilities for both sides means that a strong understanding of chess is far more important than knowing how an engine evaluates the position. When the game finally opens up and the tactical fireworks erupt, it is essential that your pieces are correctly positioned for it. This intuition only comes after much study and experience. The Mar Del Plata is probably the single most comprehensive variation of the King's Indian in terms of the volume of possibilities and strategic richness. Even aside from players who wish to incorporate the King's Indian into their repertoire, I believe that study of these positions is essential for all chess players, as the attacking and defensive ideas on display are such a fundamental and universal part of playing chess. Learning how to evaluate and compare the strength of each side's attacking potential is a paramount skill which can be applied all throughout your chess career.



Position after: 8... 2e7

This is the starting position of the line and this book. What makes the position so strategically rich and fascinating is that all the pieces currently remain on the board and both sides are actually playing on the entire board, which is not always typical in other openings. It would be a flawed oversimplification to explain the nature of the position by saying that White will play on the queenside while Black will attack on the kingside. In reality the situation is far more complicated than that.

I've noticed that some new ideas have emerged for both sides in recent times, and I must say that the popularity of this system is greater than ever. I think what attracts so many players to it is that it shows an obvious desire to play for a win with either color. This is in contrast to many other openings where the objectives are for White to try and gain a small edge, and for Black to try their best to equalize and secure a draw. I hope experienced King's Indian players who read this book will discover many new useful ideas to incorporate into their game, while players who are new to the opening will find that they have gained a new passion to add to their repertoires.

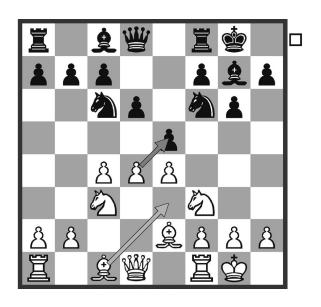
Milos Pavlovic Belgrade 2021





Rare 8th Moves

1.d4 🖾 f6 2.c4 g6 3. 🖄 c3 🚊 g7 4.e4 d6 5. 🖄 f3 0-0 6. 🚊 e2 e5 7.0-0 🖄 c6



Chapter Guide

Chapter 1 – Rare 8th Moves

1.d4 ②f6 2.c4 g6 3.②c3 臭g7 4.e4 d6 5.②f3 0-0 6.臭e2 e5 7.0-0 ②c6	
a) 8.dxe5	11
b) 8. <u>\$</u> e3	13

a) 8.dxe5

1. d4 公f6 2. c4 g6 3. 公c3 皇g7 4. e4 d6 5. 公f3 0-0 6. 皇e2 e5 7. 0-0 公c6 8. dxe5 dxe5 9. 皇g5



Position after: 9. \$\mathre{\pm}g5\$

This is a relatively popular try nowadays, but it is nothing that should worry Black. We are now in calm waters in complete contrast to the chaotic positions we will encounter later in the book.

9... ②d4!?

I decided to give this rare but logical move a try instead of the more popular ones.

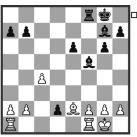
10. 🖾 xe5

Of course it is also very reasonable to make the other capture, but it should not bring any advantage. 10. ②xd4 營xd4!? (see analysis diagram next column) 11. 營c2 [11. 營xd4 exd4 12. 公d5 公xe4 13. 公xc7 公xg5 14. 公xa8



Position after: 10... \widetilde{\psi} xd4!?

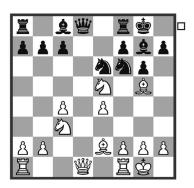
Ձf5 15. ②c7 d3 16. Ձd1 d2 17. Ձe2 ②e6 18. ②xe6 fxe6



Position after: 18... fxe6

Black has tremendous counterplay for the sacrificed exchange. The position is close to technically winning.; 11. ②b5 圖c5 12. 圖c2 c6 13. ②c3 ②e6 This is standard development. Black is fine.] 11... c6 12. 圖fd1 圖c5 13. ②a4 圖e7 14. c5 h6 15. ②e3 ②g4 16. ②xg4 ②xg4 17. f3 ②e6 18. 圖d6 圖fd8 19. 圖ad1 b5! A clever tactical detail worth keeping in mind. Black is now satisfied with the bishop pair and ideas to expand on the queenside.

10... **⊘**e6



White has numerous sensible options here but none of them offers very much in terms of an advantage.

11. **L**h4

11. 營xd8 基xd8 12. ②f3 [12. 臯h4 量d2 13. f4 ②d7 14. ②xd7 兔xd7 Black is doing well despite being temporarily down a pawn. The bishop will go to c6 next with strong pressure.] 12... ②xg5 13. ②xg5 h6 14. ②f3 臯g4

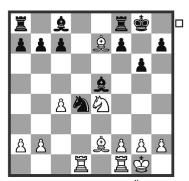


Position after: 14... \(\mathbb{g}\)g4

15. 基ad1 [15. h3 兔xf3 16. 兔xf3 心d7 17. 基ac1 心c5 18. 基fd1 c6 19. 堂f1 h5 20. 堂e2 a5 Again Black has more than enough play for the sacrificed pawn. The bishop on g7 has fantastic scope and secures Black good play on the dark squares.] 15... 基xd1 16. 基xd1

當e8 17. h3 ②xe4 18. ②xe4 萬xe4 19. 當d8+ ۞h7 20. ۞f1 奧xf3 21. 奧xf3 當e7 22. 奧xb7 奧xb2 Reaching a very drawish position.

11... ∰xd1 12. ≦axd1 ②xe4 13. ②xe4 Ձxe5 14. Ձe7 ②d4



Position after: 14... 2 d4

15. 🚊d3

15... f5 16. 公c3 當f7 17. 息a3 息d7 18. 當fe1 當e8 19. 公d5 c6 20. f4 息g7 21. 當xe8+ 息xe8 22. 當e1 息d7 23. 公e7+ 含h8 24. 公c8 息e6 25. 公d6 當d7 26. 公e8 b6! 27. b3 c5 28. 公xg7 含xg7 29. 含f2 a5 30. 息b2 含f7

The position is equal, though there may still be a little bit left to play for. Black can try to maneuver the knight around or make a queenside break with ...a4.

b) 8. \(\pm\$e3

1. d4 🖄 f6 2. c4 g6 3. 🖄 c3 💄 g7 4. e4 d6 5. 🖄 f3 0-0 6. 💄 e2 e5 7. 0-0 🖄 c6 8. 💄 e3



This is a well-known idea with the intention of avoiding the famous Mar Del Plata variation. White wants to play a much calmer game of chess. It has a very solid reputation and background and has been given quite a lot of attention recently.

8... **ℤe**8

The best choice in my opinion. Not being afraid to give White the choice to transition into an endgame is the right attitude to have.

9. dxe5

9. d5 ②d4! 10. ②xd4 exd4 11. এxd4 ②xe4 This sequence of moves has illustrated the idea behind 8... 罩e8. Black is doing nicely now that the position has opened up somewhat.

9... dxe5



Position after: 9... dxe5

10. **₩xd8**

There are also some interesting alternatives worth examining: 10. h3

A) 10... b6!? 11. c5 💂 b7



Position after: 11... \(\mathbb{L}\)b7

A1) 12. \$\&\delta\$ 5 a6 13. \$\&\delta\$ xd8 [13. \$\&\delta\$ xc6 \$\&\delta\$ xc6 14. \$\&\delta\$ c2 b5 15. \$\&\delta\$ 5 8 \$\delta\$ c8 16. \$\&\delta\$ xf6 \$\&\delta\$ xf6 17. \$\&\delta\$ ad1 a5 18. \$\delta\$ d5 The imbalance of two bishops versus two knights is notable. White can claim a slight edge although Black may be satisfied with the long-term

asset of the bishop pair. ½-½ (18) Lukacs, P (2490) — Popovic, P (2545) Austria 1995.] 13... 基axd8 14. 皇xc6 皇xc6 15. cxb6 cxb6 16. 皇xb6 基b8 17. 皇c7 基xb2 18. 皇xe5 ②xe4 Black was fine. 0-1 (43) Antova, G (2263) — Lagno, K (2560) Caleta 2019.

A2) 12. 臭c4 營xd1 13. 罩fxd1 公a5 14. 臭d3 公c6 15. 罩ac1 罩ad8 16. a3 公d4 Playing actively. Black is okay.

B) 10... & e6



Position after: 10... \(\hat{L}\)e6

B1) 11. 營xd8 基exd8 12. 基fd1 ②e8 13. b3 ②d4 It's always very natural to establish a strong knight in the center. Black has good play. ½-½ (53) Hakobyan, A (2565) — Dobrovoljc, V (2309) Porto Carras 2018.

 re. [12. 萬axd1 萬ed8! leads to similar play.]



Position after: 12. 罩exd1



Position after: 16. 罩ad1

B3) 11. c5 **₩**e7



Position after: 11... "e7

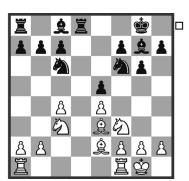
12. 營c2 White's best way of clearing the d-file. [12. "a4 "\(\Delta \)d7! 13. "\(\Delta \)b5 罩ec8! 14. 罩ac1 a6 15. 匂a3 罩d8 Black has excellent play with better control of the central squares, while the c5-pawn can also become a target. Black has an edge.; 12. \$\dot\ b5 罩ed8 13. 營a4 公d4! 14. 公xd4 exd4 ềxg7 ©xc5 18. ₩a3 ७xg7 Black has better chances thanks to the extra pawn which White definitely doesn't have enough compensation for. 1-0 (58) Berczes, D (2519) - Jankovic, A (2559) Sarajevo 2010.] **12...** 罩ad8 13. **罩ad1**



13... ②d7!? [13... 罩xd1 14. 罩xd1 罩d8 15. 臭b5 罩xd1+ 16. 豐xd1 臭d7 17. 臭c4 臭e6 18. 臭d5 豐d7 19. 豐b3 b6 20. 臭xe6 fxe6 21. 豐c4

h6 22. b4 心h5 23. g3 心h7 24. ⑤g2 心d4 25. b5 心xf3 26. ⑤xf3 心f6 27. a4 h5 28. c6 營f7 29. ⑤e2 息h6 30. ⑥xh6 ⑤xh6 31. h4 營e7 32. 心b1 營d6 33. ⑥d2 g5 34. 營d3 營c5 35. 營d8 1-0 (35) Speelman, J (2615) — Nunn, J (2585) Hastings 1987.] 14. ⑥d5 ⑥xd5! 15. exd5 ⑥d4 16. ⑥xd4 exd4 17. ⑥b5 營e4 18. 營b3 ⑥xc5 19. 營c4 c6 20. 莒fe1 營f5 21. 莒xe8+ 딜xe8 22. 營xc5 cxb5 23. ⑥xd4 딜c8 24. ⑥xf5 딜xc5 Black is fine. White must either simplify into an equal rook ending or else allow us to retain our powerful bishop.

10... 罩xd8



Position after: 10... 罩xd8

11. 🕸 g5

- A) 11. 當fd1 皇g4 12. ②d5 ②xe4 13. ②xc7 罩xd1+ 14. 冨xd1 冨c8 15. ②d5 with a sharp endgame that is playable for both sides. 1-0 (58) Dlugy, M (2570) Fishbein, A (2465) New York 1991.



Position after: 15. 2c3

C) 11. ②d5 ②e8 12. h3 臭e6 13. 罩fd1 ②d4 14. ②xd4 exd4 15. 臭g5 f6 16. 臭d2



Position after: 16. \$\mathbb{Q}\$d2

16... c6 [16... 臭f7 17. 臭d3 c6 18. ②f4 a5 is also not bad for Black. 19. 罩dc1 臭f8 20. c5 g5 21. ②e2 ②c7 22. a3 a4 23. ②g3 ②a6 24. 臭b4 ②xb4 25. axb4



Position after: 20... c5

Black has good chances for an advantage thanks to the strong central control.

11... [□] d7!?



Position after: 11... 罩d7!?

12. **£d1!**?

A) 12. **国ad1 ②d4!** [12... **国**xd1 13. **国**xd1 **息g4** 14. **息e3 ②e8** 15. h3 **息**xf3 16. gxf3!? **②**d4 17. f4 **②**xe2+ 18. **②**xe2 **②**d6 Black can be happy. White has to be careful to maintain the balance. ½-½ (23) Doda, Z (2430)—Bednarski, J (2400)